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18th December 1861.

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Apply to Messrs. W. NICOL & Co. or to the Captain on Board.

3rd Dec. 1861.

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THE First-Class ship ASSAYE, 783 Tons Register, has very superior accommodation, and will sail about 12th January.

Apply to Captain LAWELL on board or to

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THE fast-sailing steamer LIGHTENING, Captain TAYLOR will have immediate despatch to the above Ports. For freight, passage and further particulars apply to.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.

Forbes Street, 25th December 1861.

STEAM COMMUNICATION TO AUSTRALIA VIA CEYLON.

THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Screw Steam-Ship BOMBAY, (1,200 Tons, and 300 H. P.) Captain J. G. GRIBBLE, will be despatched for Point de Galle, King George's Sound, Melbourne and Sydney on SUNDAY the 12th January, at 9 A. M. from Mazagon.

For further particulars regarding Freight and Passage Money apply to.

THOMAS BLACK,
Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Company's Office,
Bombay, 4th January 1862.

STEAM COMMUNICATION TO SUEZ.

THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Screw Steam-ship MALTA, (1,900 Tons, and 500 H. P.), will be despatched for Aden and Suez on SUNDAY the 12th January, at 5 A. M., carrying Mails and Passengers for England.

Last Shipping day, Thursday, the 9th instant, after which no Cargo will be received on board.

THOMAS BLACK,
Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Company's Office,
Bombay, 3rd January 1862.

N. B.—Parcels will not be received in this Office under any circumstances after 1 P. M. on Thursday the 9th instant.

Steam Communication to Point de Galle, Singapore, and Hongkong.

THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Screw Steam-ship ORISSA, (1,650 Tons, and 350 H. P.,) Captain A. PARISH, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 14th January, at 9 A. M., from Mazagon, taking also Cargo and Passengers for Madras and Calcutta.

Last Shipping day, Friday, the 10th inst., after which no Cargo will be received on board. No brokerage will be allowed on any chests sent in the ship on 10th.

THOMAS BLACK,
Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Company's Office,
Bombay, 2nd January 1862.

STEAM FOR THE MALABAR COAST.

FROM BOMBAY TO COCHIN AND BACK.

THE Bombay Steam Navigation Company purpose despatching the Steamer TILLY, Capt. GETHING, to Cochin, touching at the usual intermediate Ports, on SATURDAY the 25th instant, at 6 P. M.

For particulars apply to Agents as under :—

Agents at Cochin—Messrs. OUGHTERSON & Co.
,, Calicut—Messrs. W. H. BROWN & Co.
,, Cannanore—Mr. J. W. GERARD.
,, Mangalore—Mr. NOWROJEE BAHONJEE.
,, Goa—Mr. GOMES.
,, Vingorla—SETTARAM SUDDASEW NAIK, Shroff.
,, Rutnagerree—Mr. KESHOW GUNSETT.

No freight received on the day of sailing.

Apply to Captain T. W. HENDEE, at the Office of STEARNS, HOBART & Co., No. 6 Apollo Street.

STEAM TO KURRACHEE.

THE Bombay Steam Navigation Company will despatch the Steamer SINDIAN, Captain BEYTS, for Kurrachee, THIS DAY MONDAY the 6th instant, at 5 P. M.

For Passage, Freight, and further particulars, apply to Captain HENDEE, at the Office of STEARNS, HOBART & Co., No. 6, Apollo Street.

T. W. HENDEE.

6th January 1862.

STEAM TO KURRACHEE.

THE CALCUTTA AND BURMAH STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY will dispatch the Steamer GOVERNOR HIGGINSON, carrying Mails and Passengers, 12 hours after the arrival of next Overland Mail, expected about the 10th proximo.

For Passage, Freight &c., apply to

W. NICOL & Co.

Agents Calcutta & Burmah Steam Navigation Company

Bombay, 1st Jan. 1862.

BOMBAY TO SURAT.

THE well-known and fast sailing Steamer VICTORIA, GOOLAM AHMED, Commander, thoroughly repaired, and a 1st Class Ship as per Certificate, and having excellent accommodation and Mess for 1st Class Passengers, and good accommodation for 1st and 2nd Class Passengers, will start for the above Port on THURSDAY, the 9th inst., at 10 A. M. Apply to JEVERCHUND ATMARAM KAKA PARACK WALA, at Bazar Gate Street.

STEAM TO SURAT.

THE new and fast sailing Screw Steamer TAPTEE, THOMAS ELLIS, Commander, (recently arrived from England) has very superior accommodation for First Class Passengers, and will be despatched for the above Port, THIS DAY MONDAY the 6th January, at 3 P. M. positively.

For Freight or Goods, Specie, and Passengers, apply to the Manager, opposite to Kavakhana's Lane, Bazaar Gate Street, Fort.

EDULJEE PALLONJEE, Manager.

STEAM TO SURAT.

THE new and well-known steamer MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE, R. TAYLOR, Commander, will start for the above Port on WEDNESDAY the 8th January, at 2 P. M.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Steamer's Office, next to Bazar Gate.

Bombay, 6th January 1862.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS per ship *Seafield*, James Mackay, Master, from London, are requested to send off Boats at once to the ship and take delivery of their respective Goods as they come to hand, otherwise they will be landed at the expense and risk of the concerned; and the Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any packages after they have left the ship's deck.

DADABHOY HORMUSJEE CAMA & Co.
Agents for the *Seafield*.

Bombay, 6th January 1862.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO, from Hongkong and Macao, per Ship *Startled Fawn*, are requested to send off Boats for the same without delay, failing which it will be landed at their expense and risk, and Captain LOWRES will not be responsible for the condition of any Packages after it leaves the Ship's deck.

All delivery orders must be countersigned by

LYON BROTHERS & Co.
Agents for the Captain & Owners of the *Startled Fawn*.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per steamer *Lightning*, from Calcutta, are requested to send off boats immediately to receive their Goods, failing which they will be landed without delay at the risk and expense of the Consignees.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.

Forbes Street, Dec. 24, 1861.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per *Redan* from Liverpool, are requested to send off Boats for the same as it comes to hand, failing which it will be landed at their risk and expense, and Captain EVANS will not be responsible for the condition of any package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

RENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.,
Agents for the Captain, and Owners of the *Redan*.
Bombay, 30th December 1861.

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DAVID SASSOON & Co.

Bombay, Forbes Street, 1st January 1862.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and responsibility of Mr. THOMAS STENHOUSE in our Firm ceases on the 31st inst., from which period Mr. PETER ADAMS is alone authorised to sign our Firm per procuration.

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Bombay, 30th December 1861.

NOTICE.

DR. J. N. MCDOUGALL, Surgeon, has commenced practice and can be consulted on any branch of his profession after eleven o'clock A. M.

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MISSIONARY AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES, &c.
BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS:
LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETIES.
POLITICAL, RELIGIOUS, AND SOCIAL REFORM ASSOCIATIONS.
THE BOMBAY PRESS.
ADVERTISEMENTS.

*** Outstation Orders must be accompanied with an advice of Remittance, or Stamps. By remitting two additional Annas, the Almanack can be forwarded to any part of India, post free.*

"Bombay Gazette" Office, 24th December 1861.

NOTICE.

WILSON & Co. beg to inform the Public that they are running Transits from Ootacamund to Sankerrydrug and vice versa.

Pennies, Tonjons, Palkees, Munchiels, &c. to be had on application to their Agent at Metapollium.

Ootacamund, 23rd December 1861.

EXCHANGE RESTAURANT,

Church Gate Street, two doors from the Cathedral.

GENTLEMEN boarding at this Hotel can be provided with a first rate table and a separate bedroom. Terms Rupees 90 per month.

**** A good Billiard Table Beer and Wines of the first quality.

ALEXANDER BLAIR

BREWER OF EAST INDIA PALE ALE, ALLOA

Agents for Bombay—Messrs. MACNEE & Co., 26, Apollo Street.

THACKER, VINING, & Co.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY, BOMBAY.

The "Adams Beds" novels, remainder offered at English price for cash.

Adam Bede, 2 vols, 12 shillings.
Scenes of Clerical Life, 2 vols, 12 shillings.
Mill on the Floss, 2 vols, 12 shillings.
Silas Marner, 1 vol, 12 shillings.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

RED BOOT.

ENGLISH and FRENCH Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Boot and Shoe Mart, Hummum Street, Bombay and Poona.

R. PARTRIDGE.

LAW BOOKS FOR SALE.

	Rs. A.
Rouse's Practical Conveyancer, 2nd Edn. 2 vols.	19 8
Broom's Commentaries on the Common Law. 2nd Edn.	23 12
Hayes and Jarman's Concise Forms of Wills, 6th Edn. By T. S. Badger	13 8
Starkie's Law of Slander and Libel. 2 vols. 2nd Edn.	27 0
Smith's Action at Law. 7th Edn. By S. Prentice	8 0
Russell on the Laws relating to Factors and Brokers	6 0
Chitty's Burn's Justice of the Peace. 7 vols.	93 12
Vol. 1 of Morley's Digest of Indian Cases	30 0
Manual of the Law of Evidence in India	3 0
Temple's Practice of the Calcutta Court of Small Causes	8 0
Manual of Mahomedan Civil Law	2 12

28, Medow Street. CHESSON & WOODHALL

CAVALRY MANŒUVRES.

SECOND EDITION.

PART 3, Sections XI. to XIII. of the "Cavalry Regulations," together with terms of formation and Manœuvre Distances, Intervals, Posts and Duties of Officers, Skirmishing, Picquet and Outpost Duty. Literally translated into Hindustani, in the Gordoo and Divanaghiri characters, by Major W. Anderson, 1st Bombay Light Cavalry (Lancers.)

**** This work, which was published under the sanction of His Excellency Sir H. Somerset, K.C.B., K.H., late Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army, is especially designed for the use of the Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Men of the Native Cavalry.

Price.—Rs. 3-0; or Rs. 2-8 when more than 12 copies are taken.

Bombay Gazette Office.

THE MEDICAL HALL,

BYCULLA.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co. Operative Family Chemests and General Merchants, beg to draw the attention of the Public to their convenient and extensive premises at Byculla, which have been constructed to meet the numerous and important requirements of their business. The multifarious nature of their stock has been divided into separate departments under qualified heads, which will greatly facilitate the general working of their Establishment.

THE PHARMACEUTICAL AND DISPENSING BRANCH has been fitted expressly for the purpose and is strictly under the immediate personal superintendence of qualified dispensing chemists from the best houses in London, and the drugs and chemicals are selected by Mr. Treacher himself in Europe, and where advisable the manufactures of chemicals and medicinal preparations is conducted on the premises to ensure perfect purity.

THE PHOTOGRAPHIC BRANCH has been greatly extended and a convenient Room has been fitted up which embraces every requisite for both amateurs and professional Photographers, from the best manufacturers of Photographic chemicals, apparatus and working material.

THE MANUFACTURING AND WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS are on a very large scale, and Messrs. Treacher & Co. are now able to carry out orders to an unlimited extent and with the greatest punctuality.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co. invite their constituents on Malabar Hill and the neighbourhood to call, also to send their prescriptions and orders generally to the Medical Hall, Byculla, where in future their general stock will be kept. Its position is central and the premises are compodious, and greater care and attention will be ensured than has hitherto been possible in the bustling and confined premises in the Fort.

MESSRS. TREACHER & Co. gladly avail themselves of this opportunity to acknowledge and thank the Public for the general support given to the Firm during the past thirty years and trust to continue to enjoy their confidence and patronage. Successful experience has fully proved the advantage of supplying ONLY guaranteed articles, and they confidently assert that it is their aim in every detail connected with the business to ensure the satisfaction of their constituents.

The Book-keeping and correspondence will for a time be carried on in the Fort where out-station orders should be addressed.

The hours of business are from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted). Prescriptions prepared and Medicines supplied at both establishments at any hour.

NOTICE.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION of the Estates and effects of the deceased persons undermentioned having been granted by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Bombay to the Administrator General, all persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to such Estates, are hereby required to state their claims, pay their debts, and deliver up such property forthwith to the Administrator General.

Leslie Copeland, late of the Bombay Civil Service.
Joseph Donald Macdonell, late Captain in Her Majesty's Second Bombay Regiment Native Infantry, (Grenadiers).
Philip William Blake, late Second Class Assistant Engineer Great Indian Peninsula Railway.
James Thomas Mathews, late foreman of the Kurrachee Harbour Workshops.

W. LOUDON,
Administrator General.

Bombay, Administrator General's Office,
4th January 1862.

FOR SALE.

A LOT of very superior Calcutta GUNNY BAGS. Apply to

DOSSABHOY CURSETJEE & Co.
No. 42, Apollo Street.

FRENCH MANUFACTURES.

THE undersigned are prepared to execute wholesale orders and Indents for any description of French Goods on liberal terms.

MACNEE & Co.,
26, Apollo Street.

WANTED.

AN intelligent and trustworthy Parsee assistant, for ed with [illegible]m in England. He should be well acquainted able to write [illegible] keeping and Mercantile Accounts, and be [illegible]r English as well as Gujeratee hand. None but a Com[illegible]ent Parsee gentleman need apply.

ALSO,

pacht Parsee Clerk of comparatively humbler cawell as who could write a tolerably good English as ledge of Arabic hand. He should possess a knowproofs, circulating Gujeratee types and correcting Apply by letter.

PORTER, *Bombay Gazette*. MR. EDULJEE SHAPOORJEE, Re-3rd December, 1861. Office, No. 27, Apollo Street.

WANTED.

FOUR BOATS, 20 to 24 feet in [illegible]th. Offers in writing to be made to

Messrs. WALLA[illegible] & Co.

Bombay, 20th Dec. 1861.

LEWIS WEBB & Co.

SAUCE & PICKLE MANUFACTURERS, WORCESTER

Wholesale Agents for Bombay—Messrs. MACNEE & Co., 26, Apollo Street.

PARIAN WARE.

AN

Commercial Gazette.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL, SHARE, STOCK, AND FREIGHT LIST.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,
Monday, 6th January 1862.

EXCHANGE.

On what Place.	Terms.	Rates.
London (Credits)	6 months' sight	2s. 11/16d.
Do. Documents	Do. do.	2s. 0¾d. to 2s. 0¾d.
Do. Bank Rates	Do. do.	2s. 0¾d.
Calcutta	sight	101
Madras	30 do. do.	99
China	60 do. do.	Rs. 215 per $100

SHARES.

Names	Paid up.	Last Half-yearly Dividend	Rates.
	Rs.		Pm
Bombay Bank	1,000	7 per cent.	35 to 60 p. cent.
Madras Bank	1,000	4 do.	19½ do.
Agra Bank	500	7 do.	70 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation	250	7 do.	97 do.
Commercial Bank	500	4½ do.	14 do.
Mercantile Bank	250	5 do.	29
Central Bank of W. India	150	2½ do.	4½ Dis.
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, Consolidated Shares	218.3.0	2½ do.	Rs. 20 Sh. Dis.
Do. New Shares	87.4.4	2½ do.	Rs. 13 do.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway	1,000	2½ do.	Nomi.
Hydraulic Press Company	4,000	350 p. sh.	Rs. 150 p. sh. Div.
Apollo Press Company	11,000	1,650 p. sh.	Rs. 20,000 do.
Colaba Press Company	2,700	300 do.	Rs. 5,750 do.
Colaba Land Company	10,000	90 p. sh.	Rs. 11,000 do.
Elphinstone Land Company	5,100	200 p. sh.	Rs. 800 p. sh.
Bombay Steam Navigation Company	590	32 do.	Rs. 200 p. sh.
Spinning and Weaving Co.	5,000	1,000 do.	Rs. 700 p. sh.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company	2,500	[18 Ann. 450 p. sh.	[Prem. nom. Rs. 825 Div
Do. New Shares	625	.....	Rs. 145 Prem.
Do. New Shares	200	.....	Rs. 120 p. sh.
Victoria Spinning Company	5,000	.....	Rs. 2,000 Prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Company	500	.....	Rs. 275 Dis.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company	400	.....	Rs. 225 do.
Manockjee Petit's Spinning and Weaving Company	550	.....	Rs. 90 do.
Throstle Mill Company	4,000	.....	250 Dis.
Bombay United Spinning Company	4,500	.....	Nominal.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Transfer Loan	85¾
Loan 1835–36	85¼
Loan 1842–43	85¼
Loan 1854–55	85¼
New Five Per Cent. Loan	97¾
Five and a Half Per Cent. Loan	104

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 10-4
Bank of England Notes	Nominal.
Spanish Dollars	Rs. 220 Nominal.
Carolus	,, 250 do.
Mexican Dollars	,, 227 do.
German Crowns	,, 213½ do.
Five Franc Pieces	,, 204 do.
Bar Silver	,, 105½ do.
Gold Leaf	,, 16-8

FREIGHTS.

To London (Cotton)	£2 2s. 6d.	Nominal.
,, (Seeds)	£2 5s. 0d.	Firm.
To Liverpool (Cotton)	£2 10s. 0d.	£2 12s. 6d.
,, (Seeds)	£2 5s. 0d.	£2 7s. 6d.
To Rice Ports	£3 15s. 0d.	
To China		Nominal.

The transactions of the week are summed up as follows :—

Liverpool.—The *Veyella*, 586 tons, has secured part cargo at £2 7s. 6d. Cotton is difficult to obtain at £2 5s. for ready shipment, but seeds are offering freely at £2 2s. 6d. London—The following ships have been taken for the conveyance of troops to England :—*Windsor Castle*, *Guiparach*, and *Kooj*. Cotton and Seeds are offering in any quantity at £2 5s., but cotton is not offering at all. Hall.—*Frenchman*, 1,156 tons, gets £2 7s. 6d. for a full cargo of seeds. Malabar Coast and London.—*Calabarine*, 619 tons, full cargo, terms not transpired.

We quote rates as dull :—

Liverpool Cotton	£2 5s. 0d.
,, Seeds	£2 2s. 6d.
London, Cotton	£2 5s. 0d.
,, Seeds	£2 5s. 0d.

Bombay Saturday Review, p. 4.

PRICES CURRENT (DECEMBER 31, 1861.)

COTTON.

	Per candy
Broach, fine and Jamboosar, (new) *nom.* at Rs.	160 to 162
Do. do. Dhamungar, (new)	160 to 161
Do. do. Gogurallee, (new)	152 to 155
Do. do. Oomrah, (new)	145 to 147
Kattiawar, (new)	140 to 142
Kittan Kittan, (new)	145 to 147
Dharwar, (new)	145 to 147
Coompta, (new)	160 to 161
Dholleral Dharwar, (new)	205 to 210

Oomras.—Malwa, Rs. 1560.

Seeds.—Linseed, Cundeish ..... Rs. 5-8 to 5-9 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Guzerat ..... 6-12 to 6-14
Gingelly mixed (Rs. 3 and White) ..... 24 to 25
33 to 34

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.

On Deposits for 3 months ..... 4 per cent. per annum.
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 5 ,,
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 6 ,,

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight ..... 2s. 0¾d. per Rupee.
Ditto at 4 ditto ..... 2s. 0¾d. do.
Ditto at 3 ditto ..... 2s. 0¾d. do.
Ditto at 2 ditto ..... 2s. 0¾d. do.
Ditto at 1 ditto ..... 2s. 0¾d. do.
Ditto at sight ..... 2s. 0¾d. do.
Ditto on demand ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts at 3 months' sight are also granted for less than £50, and amounts under £20 are daily drawn payable on demand.

On Scotland ..... 1s. 11¾d.
On Ireland ..... 1s. 11¾d.
Circular Notes ..... 1s. 11¾d.

No drafts at six months' sight are granted for sums under £50 Sums under £20 are only drawn for on Demand.

Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

The Corporation receives Deposits on the following terms :—

Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and upwards ..... 1 per cent. per annum.
Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ..... 3 ,, ,,
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 ,, ,,
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 5 ,, ,,

No interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on deposits over Rs. 50,000, except by special arrangement.

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation is desirous to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail, free of charge.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to "*The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order*," and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is 1 per cent. on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms :—

If to be remitted through the Corporation... Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ..... ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe custody ..... ¼ per cent.

Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays ..... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and Hundees on Bills payable in London and Bombay.

Bombay 3rd January 1862.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand ..... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ..... 5 do. do.
Ditto do. 12 do. ..... 6 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 20.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ..... 9 per cent.
On other Securities ..... 10 do.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight ..... 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee
Ditto 3 ditto ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto 2 ditto ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto 1 ditto ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto on demand ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, 1 per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale, ¼ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India; If remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent. commission.

Hours of business ..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays ..... 10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Manager.

Bombay, 2nd January 1862.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Head Office—No. 39, Threadneedle St., London.
Paid up Capital—£644,000.
T. A. MITCHELL, Esq., M. P., *Chairman*.
H. P. ST. GEORGE, Esq., *Deputy Chairman*.

London Bankers, { The Bank of England. The City Bank.

Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, and Shanghai.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank's Agency in Bombay grants Bills of Exchange on THE CITY BANK, London, at the following rates viz:—

6 months' sight not under £50, at 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
4 months' sight not under £50, at 2s. 0¼d. ,,
3 months' sight not under £50, at 2s. 0¼d. ,,
2 months' sight not under £50, at 2s. 0¼d. ,,
1 month's sight not under £10, at 1s. 11¾d. ,,
On demand ..... at 1s. 11¾d. ,,

All drafts to be paid for, on delivery, at the Bank's Office.

DEPOSITS.

Interests is allowed on Floating Deposits (CURRENT ACCOUNTS) at 2 per cent. per annum, on the daily balance, and on Fixed Deposits, as follows :—

Repayable on one sum, at 3 months' notice, 4 percent.
Do. do. 6 do. 5 ,,
Do. do. 12 do. 6 ,,

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs 1,000 nor on Deposits above Rs. 50,000, unless by special arrangement.

REMITTANCE.

The Bank's Agency undertakes to realise Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency without charge, for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on the City Bank, London.

All Drafts, or Hoondies, forwarded for realisation, to be made payable to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale, ¼ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India; If remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent. commission.

Other hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

ANTHONY MORRISON,
Acting Agent.

Janatry 3rd, 1862.

THE AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED IN INDIA BY *Patent under Incorporated June 1857, by* 7 *and* 8 *Victoria*, *cap.* 112.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

H. SALMON, Esq., in India.
Major-Gen. HON. R. BOYLE, Esq. | HONORABLE MAJOR-GEN. LAURIE, K. C. B.
H. ST. GEORGE TUCKER, Esq., at Calcutta. | JAMES MACKILLOP, Esq., SHANGHAI, and HONG-KONG.
J. CRICHTON, Esq., at Agra.

Subscribed Capital, £2,000,000 (TWO MILLIONS STERLING.)
Paid-up Capital, £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING.)
Reserve Fund, £200,000 (TWENTY LAKHS OF RUPEES.)

HEAD OFFICE LONDON.

Manager at Bombay.....H. MACCULLOCH, Esq.
Acting Manager at Calcutta.....H. G. DUNLOP, Esq.
Manager at Madras.....E. MORRISS, Esq.
Do. Agra.....W. BIRKS, Esq.
Do. Kurrachee.....R. E. W. BAKER, Esq.
Do. Hong-kong.....H. FORBES, Esq.
Do. Shanghai.....H. TURNER, Esq.
Agy. do. Lahore.....HECTOR GUNN, Esq.
Do. Umritsur.....T. BAILEY, Esq.

THE BOMBAY MANAGER of the AGRA AND U. S. BANK, LIMITED, is authorised to draw on the undermentioned Banks and Establishments :—

THE LONDON & WESTMINSTER BANK.
THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK IRELAND (and Branches.)

THE HOBBAY BRANCH, makes advances on the pledge and deposit of Government Paper.

The Bank grants Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt and the Continent of Europe. The following are the current rates of Exchange :—

On London at 6 months' sight ..... 2s. 0¾d.
,, 4 months' sight ..... 2s. 0¾d.
,, 3 months' sight ..... 2s. 0¾d.
,, 2 months' sight ..... 2s. 0¾d.
,, 1 month's sight ..... 2s. 0¾d.
,, on demand ..... 1s. 11¾d.
On Scotland ..... 1s. 11¾d.
On Ireland ..... 1s. 11¾d.
Circular Notes ..... 1s. 11¾d.

The London General Manager will generally, if desired, be prepared to discount Bills at the current rate of the day.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable at Calcutta, Agra, Madras, Lahore, Kurrachee, Umritsur, Hong-Kong, and Shanghai.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposits re-payable on demand, 1 per cent. per annum.
On Home Remittance Deposits payable by Bills on London ..... 3 ,,
On Deposits requiring 3 months' notice of withdrawal ..... 4 ,,
On Deposits requiring 6 months' notice of withdrawal ..... 5 ,,

Notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.

Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Bank undertakes the Agency of all public bodies connected with the Services and such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege, will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being, subject to modified conditions.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest epositing, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.

Parties making remittances to the Banks should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited. *Accuracy in this respect is particularly desirable.*

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge, and realizes the Interest and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stock, ¼ per cent.

To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance purchasing the Bank's Drafts on England, which might reach them too late for despatch by first Mail, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, when specially requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent.

All Orders or Hoondies should be made payable to the Manager of the Agra & U. S. Bank, Limited, or order, and the letters enclosing them should distinctly state the name of the person to whom the remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

Norton, Smith & Co. will obtain registry of Promissory Notes of the several Loans of the Indian Government, and enfacement for payment of the Interest in London.

Drafts for interest on such Government Promissory Notes, on the Treasuries of Calcutta and Madras, will be received for encashment at current rates of Exchange, or for realisation in India, at the Head Office of the Bank in London, where constituents can also deposit their securities for safe custody.

Parties are requested to address the "*The Manager of the Agra and United Service Bank, Limited, Bombay,*" and to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to him.

A Branch of the Bank has been lately established at Kurrachee Mr. R. E. W. Baker, Manager) for the transaction of business in the Branch.

H. B. MACCULLOCH,
Manager.

Bombay, 3rd January 1862.

Shipping Intelligence.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM.
Jan. 4	Ally	Shepherd	China 1 Oct.
	Aspasia	Lamb	Adelaide 14 Oct.
	Dumaille	Gindler	Calcutta 12 Dec.
	Agenovia	Johnson	Liverpool 27 July.
	Victoria (s)	Nacoda	Surat 3 January.
	Gibson Craig	Smith	Boypore 29 Dec.
5	Egeria	Pollock	Liverpool 10 Aug.

Departures.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	TO
Jan. 4	Palmerston	Wilson	Liverpool.
	Shakespear	Norcross	Calcutta.
	C. H. Lord	Smith	Rangoon.
	Continental	Johnson	Calcutta.
	Bombay Castle (s)	Wadge	China, &c.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per American ship *Aspasia*, from Adelaide.—Mr. Henry Johnson, Overseer.

Per steamer *Victoria*, from Surat.—H. H. Nubab of Bela, Meer Syud Allee, and Meer Syud Golam baba, 3 other gentlemen natives, and 151 natives deck.

Per ship *Gibson Craig*, from Boypore.—Mrs. Smith and child.

Per ship *Egeria*, from Liverpool.—Mrs. Pollock and two children.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per C. M. C. N. Co.'s steamer *Bombay Castle*, to China, &c. several natives.

Commenced Loading.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday last :—

Ship *Hiate Messenger*, for Mozambique.
Ship *William Stevenson*, for Moulmain.

DAILY EXPORTS.

BOMBAY, Saturday, 4th January 1862.

For London.

Caroline Agnes.—2 cases and 224 pieces E. Teeth, 19 cwt. 15 lbs., Calabhoy Shurpujee; 507 bags Salt-petre, 891 B. Maunds, C. N. Cama & Co.; 1 package China Preserves; 2 doz. Curry Powder and Chutney, Dhunjee Nusserwanjee; 5 packages Beagal Silk, 600 lbs., Jairam Runjee; 41 cases Gum Arabic, 1104 cwt., Doolubdass Purbhoodass; 421 pieces E. Teeth, 43 cwt. 3 qr. 13 lbs., Calabhoy Surputjee.

Gosforth.—150 bags Linseed, 242½ cwt., W. Nicol & Co.; 1 case Private Effects, F. Chambers.

Castilian.—300 bags Linseed, 450 cwt., Wookerda Khatesy; 32 cases Gum Arabic, 88 cwt. 1 qr. 4 lbs., S. Pinto & Co.; 172 pieces E. Teeth, 11 cwt. 9 lbs., Golam Hosen Teza.

King Lear.—240 packages Linseed, 360 cwt., B. & A. Hormusjee; 600 bags Linseed, 900 cwt., S. & N. Nanabhoy.

For Liverpool.

Ethel.—770 bundles Coir Yarn, 111 cwt., Jairam Visram; 700 bales Cotton, 2,450 cwt., W. Nicol & Co.; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., D. H. Cama & Co.

Charger.—250 bundles Lingeel, 125 cwt.; 250 bundles Jingeely Seed, 125 cwt., Jairam Visram; 700 bundles Country Galls, 350 cwt., Dewjee Muckany; 264 bundles Hemp, 276 cwt., Megjee Luckoo & Co.

King of Algeria.—28 bales Cotton, 98 cwt., Phurusram Beharcelall; 112 bales Cotton, 392 cwt., J. Sigg & Co.

Assaye.—200½ bales Cotton, 600 cwt., Merwanjee Framjee.

Dream.—40 bales Wool, 120 cwt., Maneckchund Toolsee.

Excellent.—50 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Samjee Hemraz; 100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Sewjee Ludha.

Flying Venus.—50 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Dyaldass Buchamull; 45 bales Wool, 135 cwt., Muncherjee Cowasjee Mody; 70 bales Cotton, 245 cwt., Poonsy Velljee.

Typhoon.—300 bags Mustard Seed, 450 cwt., Chuterbhoy Nursey; 500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., C. Furdoonjee.

Lady Octavia.—200 bags Linseed, 300 cwt., Wookerda Khatesy; 500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., Ritchie Steuart & Co.

Natolia.—350 bags Linseed, 525 cwt., Visram Kessowjee.

Selsia.—150 bags Saltpetre, 275 I. Maunds, Visram Kessowjee.

Roadlee.—200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Bhimjee Girthur; 105 bales Cotton, 367½ cwt., Goculdass Cullianjee.

Amore.—500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., Ritchie, Steuart & Co.

Queen of the North.—200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Bbimjee Girthur & Co.

Almora.—25 bales Cotton, 87 cwt., Hormusjee Jamsetjee.

Unca.—105 bales Cotton, 367½ cwt., Luckmedass Hunswaz; 155 bales Cotton, 542½ cwt., Gangjee Courjee.

Fanny Forsyth.—100 bales Hemp, 350 cwt., Sewjee Ludha.

For Hongkong.

Steamer *Bombay Castle.*—3 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Peerbhoy Khaluckdena & Co.; 5 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Jugunath Tunsookroy; 8 ch sts M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Khatesydass Jokeeram; 10 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Woomedchund Hookumchund; 6 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Roogunath Jugunath; 15 chests M. Opium, 137 lbs. each, Eduljee Framjee & Co.; 84 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy; 30½ chests M. Opium, 139 lbs. each, C. N. Cama & Co.; 32 bundles Fishmaws, 10 cwt.; 18 bundles Sharkfins, 5½ cwt., Acoobhoy Gangjee & Co.; 3 bottles Mohra Spirit; 1 box Sundries, Eduljee Dadabhoy; 4 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Goolabroy Thackersy; 11 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Cursetjee Dhunjeebhoy; 44 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Tarrachund Ramchund; 14 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Jaynarron Dulsookroy; 15 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Shureeram Dowlutram; 7 chests M. Opium, 138 lbs. each, Khanmahomed Hubib; 20 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Liddhabhoy Nensy & Co.; 11 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Sameruthroy Dewcurn; 28 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs each, Tarrachund Sitturam; 10 chests M. Opium, 139 lbs. each, Aladinbhoy Hubib; 10 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. Sathermull Fuckirchund; 1 box Piece Goods, Visram Arrutt, 16 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Byramjee Mehta; 24 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. Ruttonjee Framjee & Co.; 1 chest M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Samerthroy Ramchund; 17 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Chillandass, Nussee Jadee & Co.; 4 ps. M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Abram Noordin Sons & Co.; 3 chests M. Opium 140 Cos timbhoy Nathoy, Shurifbhoy & Co.; 3 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs.

For Shanghai.—8 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Culliandass, Nussee Jadee & Co.; 3 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Abram Noordin Sons & Co.; 3 chests M. Opium 140 Cos timbhoy Nathoy, Shurifbhoy & Co.; 3 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs.

For Singapore.

Steamer *Bombay Castle*.—50 bales E. Piece Goods, 120 corges, Moosechund Issonath.

For Hull.

Frenchman.—1,000 bags Linseed, 1,750 cwt. S. Burtall & Co.

For Calcutta.

Belle Vergenia.—24 packages Almonds, 54 cwt., Mirza Mohmud Sherajee.

STATIONS OF H. M.'s INDIAN NAVY.

450	Ajdaha, 24 (flag-ship), Frushard	... Bombay.
800	Assaye, 10 (paddle), Adams	... England.
1204	Assyrin, 5 (paddle), Forster	... Out of Commission.
946	Auckland, 6 (paddle), Drought	... Persian Gulf.
	Augusta, 6 (schooner)	... Bombay.
664	Berenice, 2 (paddle), Holt	... Bombay.
499	Chenaub, 2 (paddle), Walton	... River Indus.
429	Clive, 18 (sloop), Lloyd	... Persian Gulf.
300	Clyde, (screw gun-boat), Mitchison	... Bombay.
204	Comet, 5 (p. gun-boat), Collingwood	River Euphrates.
182	Comorin, 2 (schooner), Cookson	... Aden.
026	Coromandel, (screw), Batt	... Andaman Islands
205	Cursetjee, (flat) Shaw	... River Indus.
1022	Dalhousie, (screw), Hopkins	... Bombay. (in dock)
387	Elphinstone, 18 (sloop), Etheridge	... Persian Gulf.
90	Emily, 2 (schooner), Evans	... Madras.
274	Ethersey, (flat), McLaren	... River Indus.
225	Euphrates, (screw), Williams	... Mediterranean.
495	Falkland, 12 (corvette), Fraser	... Bombay.
1452	Feroez, 13 (paddle), Tronson	... Calcutta.
610	Frere, 2 (paddle), Marsh	... River Indus.
215	Goolamar, (paddle yacht), Scoda	... Bombay.
90	Georgians, J. B. Bowsher, 2 (tender)	Persian Gulf.
610	Havelock, 2 (paddle), Davies	... River Indus.
300	Hugh Rose, (gun boat) Wood	... Persian Gulf.
	Hornet, Dayman, (S. Sloop)	... Bombay.
522	Indus, 2 (paddle), Tickle	... Neale.
499	Jhelum, 2 (paddle), Peck	... River Indus.
151	Keddywarry, (flat)	... Surveying Vessel, Kurrachee.
	Kotree, (flat), O'Brien	... River Indus.
700	Lady Canning, 2 (paddle), James	... Andaman Islands.
200	Lady Falkland, (paddle), Tarleton	... Bombay.
157	Mahi, 3 (schooner), Gardiner	... Aden.
167	Marie, (schooner)	... Bombay.
445	Medina, 2 (paddle), Stevenson	... River Indus.
49	Nerbudda, (schooner),	... Kurrachee.
201	Nimrod, 2 (paddle), Linton	... River Indus.
610	Outram, (paddle), Neat	... River Indus.
335	Planet, (paddle), Fischer	... River Indus.
1140	Pleiad, (screw), White	... Bombay.
246	Prince Arthur, (screw), Walker	... Bombay.
900	Punjaub, 19, Foulerton	... England.
208	Raven, (flat), Ridge Williams	... River Indus.
335	Satellite, 2 (paddle), Harrison	... River Indus.
960	Semiramis, 8 (paddle), Worsley	... Zanzibar.
610	Sir Henry Lawrence, 2 (paddle), Jones	River Indus.
40	Snake, (paddle), Rogers	... Bombay Harbour.
258	Tigris, 5 (brigantine), Dyer	... Persian Gulf
705	Victoria, (paddle), Chitty	... Bombay.
1093	Zenobia, 10 (paddle), Cruttenden	... Aden.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

[c.l. signifies "commenced loading."]

FOR LONDON.

501	Caroline Agnes, Ovenstone	—Forbes & Co.
810	Gosforth, A. Shaw	—Grey & Co. (c. l. Dec. 16)
1199	Gospatrick, Scott	—W. A. Graham & Co. (c. l. Dec. 18)
1970	King Lear, Condoce	—Wallace & Co. (c. l. Dec. 28)
1074	Windsor Castle, Pryce	—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c. l. Dec. 7)
1238	Almora, Williams	—Rennie, Scovell & Co. (c. l. Nov. 22)
860	Amoor, J. Potts	—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c. l. Dec. 19)
847	Assaye, Bramwell	—W. A. Graham & Co. (c. l. Dec. 7)
1990	Charger, Smyth	—Rennie, Scovell & Co. (c. l. Dec. 26)
972	Concordia, Ross	—Ewart, Latham & Co. (c. l. Dec. 14)
1106	Dream, Knight	—Morwanjee Nusserwanjee (c. l. Dec. 5)
1745	Ethel, Hall	—W. Nicol & Co. (c. l. Nov. 26)
1212	Excellent, Davies	—Lawrence & Co. (c. l. Dec. 4)
1342	Fanny Forsyth, Litton	—E. Bates & Co. (c. l. Dec. 2)
1393	Flying Venus, Wittycombe	—E. Bates & Co. (c. l. Dec. 3)
1109	Gertrude, Congdon	—E. Comforth. (c. l. Dec. 9)
1707	King of Algeria, Brown	—Lawrence & Co. (c. l. Nov. 21)
1201	Lady Octavia, Welsh	—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c. l. Dec. 3)
1014	Malakoff, Harris	—W. A. Graham & Co. (c. l. Dec. 13)
1334	Minden, W. Flett	—Ewart, Latham & Co. (c. l. Dec. 5)
1075	Natolia, Maguire	—Ewart, Latham & Co. (c. l. Dec. 13)
1343	Peter Maxwell, Marshall	—Ewart Latham & Co.
1200	Queen of the North, Stitch	—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c. l. Dec. 5)
890	Rosalie, Williams	—Lyon Brothers & Co. (c. l. Dec. 2)
787	Silesia, Martin	—Rennie, Scovell & Co. (c. l. Dec. 21)
1310	Typhoon, White	—Lawrence & Co. (c. l. Dec. 18)
1320	Unca, Boag	—Dirm Hunter & Co. (c. l. Dec. 12)
560	Venetia, Bowen	—Leckie & Co.

FOR RICE PORTS.

718	Canada, Ingleston	—Mitchell & Co.
845	Madge Wildfire, Tate	—Rennie, Scovell & Co.
669	Moskwa, Thul	—J. P. Cornforth & Co.
1188	W. J. Morris	—Jackson.
806	William Stevenson, Brown	—Wallace & Co.

FOR HULL.

1156	Frenchman,	—W. & A. Graham & Co. (c. l. Jan. 2)

FOR BELLE ISLE FOR ORDERS.

396	Esperance, Nicolos	—S. Tyabjee & Co. (c. l. Jan. 2)

FOR ADEN.

290	Ararat, Nacoda	—H. M. Abdool Lutiff. (c. l. Dec. 16)
569	Bombay Castle (s), Wadge	—B. S. N. Co. (c. l. Dec. 27)
316	Lightning (s), Taylor	—D. Sassoon & Co.
815	Ophir, Hood	—D. H. Cama & Co.

FOR PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

98	Pauline, J. S. Lobo	—C. B. Knipe (c. l. Dec. 13)

FOR COLOMBO.

266	Pearl (s), Dorman	—Wallace & Co.

FOR MOULMAIN.

1450	Sir John Moore, Robertson	—W. & A. Graham & Co.

FOR RANGOON.

939	C. H. Lord, Smith	—Stearns Hobart & Co. (c. l. Dec. 30)

FOR CALCUTTA.

517	Belle Vergine, Riello	—D. Cursetjee. (c. l. Dec. 28)
1070	Champion Bishee	—Stearns Hobart & Co. (c. l. Dec. 17)
1435	Continental, Johnson	—Stearns Hobart & Co.
	Early Dawn, Eyes.	

FOR MAURITIUS.

	Perry, Nacoda.	(c. l. Dec. 27)

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

	Mahomedy, Nacoda	—S. M. Abdool Lutiff. (c. l. Oct. 7)
513	Fazel Carrim, Nacoda	—H. E. Cadoo. (c. l. Dec. 9)
300	Futtay Sultan,	—H. J. Noor Mahomed. (c. l. Jan. 2)

FOR COCHIN.

318	J. J. Dussaunier, Conroe	—Nowrojee Ardaseer & Co.

FOR MALABAR COAST.

619	Calphurnia, Westlake	—W. & A. Graham & Co.

FOR KURRACHEE.

	Scindian, (s) G. M. Boyes	—B. S. N. Co. (c. l. Jan. 2)

NOT FIXED.

744	Admiral, Clarke	—B. F. Cama.
658	Agricola, Archehead	—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.
	Ally, Shepherd.	
356	Amherst, Henderson	—W. Nicol & Co.
1210	Aspasia, Lamb.	
344	Caromandel, Baudry	—J. N. Wadia Sons & Co.
534	Cassibelanus, Scott	—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.
1351	Catherine Glen, Purdy	—Canjee Lilladhur.
2920	Challenger, Thomas	—Stearns Hobart & Co.
209	Champion, Owen	—Jewraz Sazen.
936	Clara Wheeler, Hiltz	—Lawrence & Co.
300	Dalloy, Nacoda	—H. E. Cadoo.
535	Daniel Sharp, Cushing	—Stearns Hobart & Co.
308	Dunsandle, Ginder	—Remington & Co.
1019	Earl of Clare, Wilson	—Sir J. Sons & Co.
352	Euphemia, Shepherd	—H. Ellis.
1201	Futtay Moubarack, Nacoda	—Carsondass Verzdass.
819	Futtay Rahamon, Cary

during the past year, and the wide door that has been opened by the same means to the natives of this country for the exercise and employment of their industry, capital and enterprise must very soon tell upon the real prosperity of India. Perhaps none of these measures will contribute more to this prosperity than those which have been adopted with so much tardiness and apparent reluctance, and yet at last with so much completeness and unreservedness —the sale of the waste lands in fee simple, and the privilege to landholders to redeem their Government rentcharge and to hold their land free. We do not entertain any too sanguine expectations of the immediate results of these measures —we do not expect that they will produce a sudden rush of European settlers and capital to this country; but we do expect that they will produce a tide in this direction, whose gradual but constant flow will ere long fill the land both with European capital and settlers, that they will open to India the sluices of affluent fortune. The London *Times* very properly observes repecting these measures :—"As the old icemen, after having been frozen up for long, dark months, started at the first crack of the ice, recognizing it as the signal of the break-up of the whole frozen system, so the people of India will be apt to start at the last act of Lord Canning. It is a split passing right athwart the whole official system. It is now three parts of a century since the inhabitants of British India, native as well as European, began to request to be allowed to buy land in that country. It was thought so violent a piece of presumption that the Europeans were fain to change their application into one to be allowed to hold land on lease, and were for many years signally repulsed even when making this petition. The agitation had died away from sheer despair. People were still asking for more law, more justice, and more magistrates. Europeans were calling for these loudly enough, and the natives were besieging the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal when making a journey through the country with precisely the same request. The Bengal Secretariat were busy demonstrating that people who fought with sticks and settled their disputes by force were so lawless that they could not possibly want courts and magistrates and speedy justice. There was a pretty quarrel raging during which some of the most vehement of the disputants found themselves either in prison or out of office, but no one was so bold as to say a word about the Indian land tenures. They had been denounced for generations; but they had been denounced just as we at home denounce the annual increase of the Estimates and other matters against which it is just as effectual to protest as against the precession of the equinoxes; when suddenly, no one thinking of such a matter, out come fifty-seven resolutions, changing the whole law of landed property in India, offering for sale all the waste lands, and allowing every one to redeem his Government rentcharge and hold his land free." There ought, indeed, to be no waste lands in India. The soil is too fertile, too capable of profitable culture, to allow of its lying waste; while large areas of land now wastes possess, according to Captain Pearson, "advantages of climate far beyond those of our best ordinary places of residence in India." By the rules regarding the sale of waste lands that have been published in different parts of the country, we are happy to observe that the various administrations are carrying out the provisions of Lord Canning's fifty-seven resolutions in their true spirit. No terms or conditions are imposed of such a character as to impair the value of the boon granted by Government. Prior claim of property or occupancy in the land will be carefully and scrupulously regarded; and no unnecessary delay will occur in giving possession to unobjectionable applicants. Let us say with our London contemporary, that "to unshackle the whole land of India is a deed worthy of the son of the statesman who first insisted upon opening India to the enterprise of all British subjects." The last measures of Lord Canning's Government, those by which it will be longest and most gratefully remembered, show at his whole career as Governor-General would have been, how much he would have done for the advancement of the country, if his attention had not been necessarily diverted from the great end which he placed before him by the sad troubles of the country.

WE are requested to give prominent insertion to the following Report of the Executive Committee to the General Committee of the New Sailors' Home, which we gladly do.

On the 7th October 1857, at a Meeting of the Subscribers to the New Sailors' Home, it was resolved to accept the favourable proposal by Government to provide a new site for the Native Dispensary, and to place the building, at present occupied, at the disposal of the Committee for the New Sailors' Home; and at the same time, Commodore Wellesley, Sir Cursetjee Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, J Ritchie, Esquire, and Captain Marriot, were requested to form an Executive Committee, to conduct the further correspondence, and to take all necessary steps in the matter. The Executive Committee have now the pleasure to lay their proceedings before the Subscribers.

They distributed a printed memorandum, explanatory of the public usefulness of the proposed Institution, and of the measures which had been taken up to that time, and solicited subscriptions.

The appeal was liberally responded to, and the sum subscribed and paid amounted to Rs. 22,000; making, with former subscriptions, interest, &c., an available sum of about Rs. 43,000.

Many further difficulties, however, occurred in obtaining possession of the site, in consequence of the inability of Government to provide another suitable place for the Native General Dispensary, and, until this was arranged, nothing could be done.

After a time, it was proposed that the Bullock-shed near the Dhobees' Tank should be made available for the Dispensary, but it was insufficient, without filling in a portion of the Tank. The Committee offered to bear a portion of the expense of this, but no satisfactory arrangement could be made. At last, however, after much negotiation, which it is unnecessary to detail, the site intended for the Sailors' Home was placed at the disposal of the Committee in November last, the Committee paying Rs. 2,000 to the Native General Dispensary in indemnification of the cost of renting a house for that institution during the construction of the new building.

In the meantime, the Plan and Estimate for the New Home had been prepared. For the excellent design, we are indebted to the Honorable Mr. Malet, who has always shown a deed interest in the erection of a suitable home for our European Seamen. Major Kendall, who has given most ready and active assistance, prepared the Plan and Estimate.

The Estimate amounted to Rs. 85,000, and Major Kendall procured a Contract for its execution at 5 per cent. less than this sum. As the Contract provides for any alteration or omission which may be desired or found necessary, and as the building would not be unsuitable, either in accommodation or appearance, if roofed at the second story, although it is, of course, very desirable to complete it as designed, if possible, the Executive Committee resolved to conclude the Contract, and to apply for the aid from the Public Treasury which Government had intimated its readiness to afford whenever the Committee should be prepared to carry out the design and commence upon the building.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has made a grant of Rs. 10,000 to the Institution; this makes the present available funds, from all sources, about Rs. 58,000.

Although the delay has been considerable, the Executive Committee feel great pleasure in being able to report so satisfactory a result to the General Committee, whose co-operation they now invite in further measures for making the proceedings known to the Public generally, and for procuring additional subscriptions.

They consider that the Home should, if possible, be completed in accordance with the original design; it would then afford comfortable dining and sleeping accommodation for Twelve Mates and One Hundred and Seventy-six Seamen, with suitable Offices; and this would not be more than adequate to meet the wants of a great Seaport like Bombay. But to accomplish this, additional subscriptions, to the extent of Rs. 30,000, are required; and it is only by the earnest efforts of those interested in the success of the Institution, and the welfare of our Seamen, that they can expect to realise so large a sum. If compelled by want of funds to stop short at the second flat, the accommodation provided will be for Six Mates and Eighty-eight Seamen.

The ground is now being cleared of the present buildings, and it is proposed to lay the foundation stone about the middle of March.

G. G. WELLESLEY, President.

POSTSCRIPT.

The Report to which this is appended was printed in 1860, with a view to circulation, which was inadvertently postponed. The Building has, however, been proceeded with, and the Committee are happy to announce that it will be completed and ready for occupation in the course of a few weeks.

2. As the work advanced, the Committee, having carefully considered the matter, reluctantly came to the conclusion that they could not hope to raise the larger sum required for a three-storied building, and determined to complete it in two stories. It will now, therefore, provide good accommodation for about 90 Seamen and 6 to 8 Officers, and it is to meet the balance still required to defray the cost of erection on that scale that the Committee venture once more to appeal to the liberality of the Public, and especially to those who have not as yet subscribed towards the undertaking.

3. The Estimate for the Building completed in two stories was Rs. 63,175, which with painting and varnishing amounted to Rs. 66,500, added to which the Architect's fee, for which a further sum of Rupees 5,000 is needed. The Committee think it very desirable, if funds can be obtained, to erect a Shed close to the Home, on the verge of the Esplanade, for the purpose of a Skittle Alley. The total expense of the Home is therefore estimated at Rupees 75,000, in order to start it clear of debt.

4. The available funds (which have all been paid to the Contractor) amount to Rs. 56,400, leaving a balance unprovided for of Rs. 18,600. Of this sum the Committee hope to obtain about Rs. 5,000 from other sources, and they are confident that they shall not appeal in vain to all those who are aware of the value of a comfortable place of resort for Seamen in a strange land, to help them to complete the undertaking by raising the yet required sum of Rupees 13,600.

The following Subscriptions were received after the appended List was published :—

List of Additional Subscribers.

Donation From Government.....	Rs.	10,000	0 0
Sir G. R. Clerk, K.C.B.		500	0 0
Sir Hugh Rose, G.C.B.		300	0 0
Sir William Mansfield, K.C.B.		200	0 0
Sir Joseph Arnould		100	0 0
Captain Pare		100	0 0
Lieutenant Colonel Donovan ...		20	0 0
Captain Pullen.....		10	0 0
Colonel Davidson.....		50	0 0
By Amount already subscribed		37,235	9 9
Rupees.....		48,515	9 9

GEORGE G. WELLESLEY, President.

December 18th, 1861.

Local News.

PROGRAMME of Music to be played by the Band of H. E. the Governor, in the Parell Gardens this evening :—

MARCH.

OVERTURE "William Tell" ..... *Rossini.*
WALZER "Masnadieri" ..... *Verdi.*
SELECTION (op) "Eliosie d'Amore" ..... *Donizetti*
ARIA (op) "Zacharilla" ..... *Marliana.*
QUADRILLE "Les Fete des Lilas" ..... *Lamotte.*
GALOP "Rosalien" ..... *Kuhner*

FOR the convenience of our readers we repeat the scheme of meetings appointed for next week.

Monday, 7 P. M., Money Institution.
Tuesday, 7 A. M., St. Andrews, Fort.
Wednesday, 7 P. M., Free Church Institution.
Thursday, 7 P. M., American Mission Chapel.
Friday, 5½ P. M., Free Church, Esplanade.
Saturday, 7 A. M., Bible Society's Rooms.

There will also be meetings of Native Christians, with services in the native languages, as follows.

Tuesday, 5 P. M., Money Institution.
Wednesday, 5 P. M., American Mission Chapel.
Thursday, 5 P. M., Free Church Institution.
—*Bombay Guardian, January* 4.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

OPEN 132½ MILES.

Statement of Traffic, Week ending 15th Dec. 1861

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 15,509.				
Amount.....	Rs.	7,289	6	6
MERCHANDIZE.				
Amount.....	,,	2,527	9	5
Total...	Rs.	9,816	15	11

Corresponding Week last year. Open 31½ *Miles.*

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 2,995.				
Amount.....	Rs.	1,679	7	5
MERCHANDIZE.				
Amount.....	,,	192	6	7
Total...	Rs.	1,871	14	0

BOMBAY POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

FORT POLICE OFFICE.

Saturday, 4th January 1861.

(BEFORE N. W. OLIVER, ESQ.)

ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM. —Joseph Francis De Souza was again placed at the bar on the charge of embezzling a quantity of articles belonging to Government. It will be recollected that the accused surrendered for the purpose of answering this charge, and underwent an examination on the 30th of December, at which time the informations, which had been laid on oath, before the Magistrate, on previous occasions, were read over to him.

Dr. Dallas appeared on Saturday, on behalf of the prisoner.

HIS WORSHIP said that the prisoner's advocate could now if he thought fit, cross-examine the witnesses on their respective informations. There was one more witness, a Parsee lady, who was yet to be examined, and as it was his intention to examine her at her own residence, in the presence of the prisoner, his attorney would be at liberty to be present likewise if he thought fit.

The prisoner was committed to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions, at the Supreme Court.

The witnesses were then severally bound over to appear and prosecute, and the prisoner's bail was enlarged.

BOMBAY COTTON.

(*From the Friend of India, December* 26.)

The Report on the external commerce of Bombay for the year ending 30th April last, enables us to estimate the ability of that Presidency, and of the districts of which it is the natural outlet, to meet the English demand for cotton. During the past six years Bombay has exported—

Year	*lbs.*
1855-56	217,487,413
1856-57	279 482,852
1857-58	240,733,287
1858-59	206,915,874
1859-60	321,264,017
1860-61	355 393,894

As the rate of 400 lbs. to a bale the total cotton export of Bombay in 1860-61 to all countries was 888,485, or a little within the million that England expected Great Britain alone would secure under the influence of high prices. Such prices had not begun to operate up to April last to any applicable extent, so that 1860-61 may be regarded as a normal year. These 355½ millions of lbs. were exported to the following places :

Great Britain.....	278,868,126
Hong-Kong	66,144,783
Other Asiatic Ports	4,509,467
Other European Ports	5,871,518

The hope is that the present high price will attract all this cotton to England, for the Asiatic ports cannot offer so much, and the French and German buyers will leave speculation to Liverpool and use that as an *entrepot* where they may supply themselves at less risk. The export of Bombay cotton to Great Britain alone for the last six years has been—

Year	*lbs.*
1855-56	165,380 930
1856-57	230,377,806
1857-58	185,356,315
1858-59	157,289,419
1859-60	241,193,027
1860-61	278,868,126

Or in 1860-61 there were 697,170 bales. The high prices in 1856-57 called forth an increased supply which fell to its normal level in the two subsequent years. As a rule Great Britain has hitherto always received a little more than three-fourths of the whole export.

A question of great interest is—from what districts does the port of Bombay draw its supply? Of the whole export of 355,393,894 lbs. 345,927,971 lbs. were imported from the following places—

	1856-57.	1860-61.
Guzerat	137,955,615	145,722,315
Concan (districts of the Ghauts)	65,243,473	90,967 899
Malabar and Canara	29,488,207	55,182,181
Cutch.....	58,854,791	53,508,196
Arabian and Persian Gulf	220,776	143,898
Karrachee.....	75,343	32,572
Goa	174,356	386,236
Other Places.....	17,128	74,764
	292,029,697	345,927,971

We have taken 1856-57 as a standard of comparison, because more cotton was imported in that year than in any other up to 1860-61. To deduct the import from the export would give us 9,465,923 lbs., but this by no means represents what is imported inland by road and railway from Central India, &c., since much is consumed by the Bombay spinners who have 90,500 spindles and 240 looms at work. If we take Sholapore alone, as an example of an inland cotton district, we find from returns made to Government on 1st July last, that of the 505,109 acres in its nine sub-divisions, fit for producing cotton, only 173,021 acres, or one-third, were under cultivation. Of the whole cotton produced only 797 candies were exported, 2163 candies being consumed on the spot. The clean cotton was sold at an average of 2¾*d.* per lb. Five of the sub-divisions are traversed by the railway, and there the cost for carriage 276 miles is three eighths of a penny per lb. In a sub-division more distant from the railway the cost is nearer five-eighths. Mr Haywood, the Manchester agent, comes to the conclusion that "four times or ten times the quantity now exported from this collectorate might be exported, if European agencies were established for buying, cleaning and packing the cotton. Such agencies, introducing the cheaper manufactures of Manchester, would liberate a large amount of labour to cultivate the soil." But Mr. Haywood has found some of the items in the returns so incorrect that he doubts the rest. The more familiar he becomes with the statistics the less will he trust them. Still there is no reason to doubt the facts we have given above. They bring us back to the old result, that the cotton-producing capabilities of India are indefinitely large, and only a remunerative, and steadily remunerative, price is wanted to enable it to meet the needs of the whole world. Still the inland import is much as is generally believed, and we need not wonder that the trade of Bombay seems larger and yet yields far less revenue than that of Calcutta, when almost the whole of the cotton of the former is entered twice, as imports and exports. The import of cotton is valued at 4,747,432*l.* and the export at 6,979,164*l.* Deducting the former the whole trade of 1860-61 stands thus :—

Bengal, ...	£33,676.925
Bombay,.....	33,366,898
Madras, ...	10,326,866

The proportion will be still more on the side of the first, if Pegu be added to Bengal and Sind to Bombay.

These figures, with the light thrown on them by the steadily increasing export of cotton since 30th April, are full of hope for India and Lancashire. If in an ordinary year with Surats at four pence per pound Bombay exported in all 888,485 bales, what will she not be able to send under the *continued* pressure of eight pence per pound? Meanwhile roads and railways are being pushed on, though not fast enough. When the communication between the Central Provinces and Bombay is as easy as from Guzerat and Canara, and when even from Guzerat communication is made speedy by the Baroda railway, double the quantity will be grown, and every available bale will be exported. But the G. I. P. Railway must offer to the cotton merchants more facilities of transit than is now done. The natives complain that their bales are damaged and plundered *en route*, and that the cotton is allowed to lie weeks at the stations before being despatched. Part of this is doubtless owing to the unfinished state of the works at the Bhore Ghaut, but much more to the inefficiency or carelessness of the traffic department. Having details of all imports of cotton by sea into Bombay, it would be a boon to the public, if the Customs department would publish statistics of the inland import also.

Indian Intelligence.

THE DECCAN.

NEW YEAR'S DAY ENTERTAINMENT.—On the evening of the first instant, an Entertainment was given by Colonel and Mrs. Travers to the married persons and children of the Royal Artillery at Poona. The children met for the Evening's Entertainment about 5 o'clock and very much enjoyed themselves with swings, races, and other amusements got up for their pleasure. The parents joined their children about half past six and all went in to tea at 7 o'clock. The room was prepared with great care; the windows were festooned with muslin curtains, flags, and other devices, artistically painted, decorated the walls; added to which were glittering embellishments of Stars made with swords, giving a peculiarly Military aspect to the whole arrangements. The whole of the decorations were very creditable to a few men of the battery who voluntarily and warmly took an interest in the matter. The beauty of the decorations was increased by the style in which the tables were laid. There was an abundant supply of cakes, fruits &c. &c., and numbers of very beautiful bouquets. There are not many children attending this school, but about 100 children and parents sat down to tea: the girls were very prettily dressed in white muslin. The married women brought their babies who supplied the place of a musical band! Colonel and Mrs. Travers presided over the feast, and the respectful attachment evinced by all to their excellent and kindly entertainers was very pleasing. Major Craufurd and the following Officers of the Corps were present,—Captain Lewellyn, Dr. Clifton, Messrs. Gwynne, Hill, and Mills.

The Rev. G. L. Fenton and several Officers accompanied by many Ladies, were also present. Before tea was over several of the gentlemen left, prior to which a short address was made by Major Craufurd. After tea the room was cleared for a religious meeting, when the attendance was increased by men from other Corps. This meeting was addressed by Mr. Jacob, an officer of the Engineers; Mr. Bailey, Scripture Reader and Mr. Macmahon, the Schoolmaster of the Corps. The meeting was concluded by an address by Col. Travers, suitable to the occasion. Several hymns were sung by the children in a manner which appeared to give great satisfaction.

The efforts of Colonel Travers for the best interests of his men, are beyond all praise, and his approaching departure from India will be universally regretted.—*Herald, January* 3.

We are informed that Mr. Grey, the Collector of Sholapore, will succeed Mr. Duncan Davidson, at Poona, on that gentlemen's retirement from the Service.—*Id., January* 4.

BENGAL.

We hear that Bt. Lt. Col. Tytler, CB., of the late 37th N. I., contemplates an early retirement from the Service.—*Hurkaru, Dec.* 27.

We are glad to learn that the Mutiny Medals for the Officers and men of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry have been received in the Adjutant General's Office for distribution. We recommend those who have not yet received their's to send their address to the officer in charge of the Adjutant General's Office, in order that they may speedily obtain their long delayed decoration.—*Id.*

Lieutenant Colonel Hannyngton does not proceed home till March next.—*Id.*

By the promotion of Colonels Hodgson and McCausland to Major Generals, the 63th and 65th Regiments get each one line step promotion as follows :

69TH.

Major Sissmore to Colonel.
Captain Simpson to Major.
Brevet Captain Norgate to Captain.
1 Ensign General List to Lieutenant.

65TH.

Major Baker to Colonel.
Captain Meade to Major.
Lieutenant Combe to Captain.
1 Ensign General List to Lieutenant.—*Id.*

Major Walter Birch, of the late 6th Europeans, having been offered the command of the 101st, has cancelled his application to retire from the service on Sir Charles Wood's extra bonus.—*Id.*

There are 97 Field officers going on the bonus, so when we gave 99 *retirements* altogether we fell short of the mark. We notice Major Stevens, Commanding the 12th N. I. does not retire. Our informant had good reasons for believing he had intended doing so.

Major Strangways also does not retire.—*Id.*

It has been decided we believe, to extend the advantages of the Retiring Scheme to Captains having 22 years' service.—*Id., Dec.* 28.

We understand that although Colonel Hannyngton retires from the army at the end of the month, his services will not be lost to the Military Finance Department, where he will labor on till next spring. His successor as Controller of Military Finance, is most likely to be Major G. M. Hill. at present Military Accountant of Bengal. The appointment will of course take place when Colonel Hannyngton's retirement is *Gazetted.*—*Id.*

Lieut.-Col. Bruce, who was lately deputed to Bombay and Madras, to communicate with those Governments on the subject of Police changes, has again proceeded to the Punjab and the North Western Provinces, to enquire into the actual organization and cost of the Police of the Punjab, and to compare it, in all its features, with the Police of the other local governments. Colonel Bruce has been instructed by Government to conduct his enquiries in the Punjab and North Western Provinces, in the same spirit as that in which his enquiries in Bombay and Madras have been conducted, and with a view to an equally comprehensive report.—*Englishman, Dec.* 27.

The question of remuneration to Pilots is at length put at rest; for the future the receipt of gratuities by pilots will be punished by dismissal, but to compensate them for the loss this would occasion them, an increase of twenty-five per cent. will be made to all pilotage charges, and all pilots now in the service, who shall go on the first list will receive sixty per cent. of the entire pilotage charges, and all licensed pilots who may come from outside will receive fifty per cent. As the sixty or fifty per cent. as the case may be, of the pilotage charges received by Government from the shipping will be receivable only by those pilots who actually take ships to sea, or bring them up to town, it can hardly fail to cause emulation. As those who are known from experience to be the most skilled, and who, by the expedition and ability with which they pilot ships up or down the river become best known to commanders, and agents, they will be the most in demand and consequently obtain the most frequent and lucrative employment. The steadiest and most able pilots will, without fail, secure the greatest numbers of ships of deep draught of water, which are by far the most remunerative, and while the masters and owners of ships are freed from a heavy and uncertain tax, they secure as efficient, if not more able, pilots than under the old system.—*Id.*

The aggregate amount which represents the subscriptions of the entire body of officers now contributing to the Bengal Medical Retiring Fund is, as near as possible, twenty-eight lakhs of rupees or £280,000; the actual fact, however, being that the fund is not really possessed of a single rupee; but is, and has been for years, living from hand to mouth, as the saying is, the current subscriptions just paying the standing annuities, and nothing more. But the fund having been founded, as we explained the other day, upon the tontine principle, and subscription having been compulsory upon the medical service, the actual sum which the government would be bound in justice to refund, if it were to adopt that mode of annihilating the institution, would be, with a slight exception which we shall notice immediately, fifty-six lakhs rupees or £560,000. This is for Bengal alone; and if we may assume that the general ratio of resemblance which exists in other such matters between the three Presidencies, also prevails in this instance, we may say that the entire cost of winding up the Medical retiring Funds of the three armies would be, in round numbers, £1,000,000 sterling. A refund to all the Assistant Surgeons on the Bengal list, of double the amount which they had paid in subscriptions to their medical retiring Fund, would require an outlay of, as near as not a estimated, ten lakhs of rupees, or £1,00,000; part of the monster of the military actuaries and financiers. When the victim had been scotched in this way, there would then remain only the full Surgeons to be disposed of; and this engagement of their claims, culties. The Military financiers no very great difficulty calculating that they would have to be in error when the double the amount which they have subscribed, to all officers; for there are about ten at the head of the Bengal Medical list, and we suppose an equal proportion in Madras and Bombay, who have paid over the full value of their annuities; but who are by no means entitled to a refund of the surplus, because it accrued by their remaining in the Service, and stopping promotion after they could have retired; and all overpayment which they may have made is, as it were, a fund in Government's hands, waiting the claim of the Fund. If the government, after having cut off and dismissed the assistant surgeons as above suggested, should shrink from the large money payment which would be necessary in order to get rid of the senior officers in the same manner, the best and simplest way would be to grant to each of those officers who has paid his full annuity; and to all the officers down the list, lesser annuities in the same proportion, which would give the lowest, we think, about £150 a year. This is the least expensive way in which the government can, by its own action, terminate the existence of the Bengal Medical Retiring Fund; but if any person should be desirous of offering any other suggestions, or pointing out what he may think a mode of action more in accordance with the interests of both parties, the government and the Medical Service, we have given the money statistics of the difficulty, and the question is open to further discussion.—*Id.*

We have received files of Rangoon and Maulmain papers up to the 17th and 15th instant, but a careful perusal has failed to place us in possession of anything worthy of special notice. The Bishop of Calcutta has arrived safely at Rangoon and after the due performance of the usual ceremonies of an episcopal visit has proceeded to the Frontier. The press of Burmah and the government officials are still at loggerheads, and one side evidently loses no opportunity of abusing the other. Extracts relating to a few matters of local interest will be found in our usual columns.—*Englishmen, Dec.* 25.

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SIND.

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ATTEMPT TO PASS CONTRABAND ARTICLES.

Notwithstanding the strict care taken by our Collector of Customs and the officers of the Preventive service to prevent smuggling, which used to be carried on, on a large scale some time ago by the Chinese and other natives—especially the former class,—we hear now and then of an unsuccessful attempt being made by some dishonest trader. In a recent instance we alluded to a case, which was detected and in which some respectable Chinese were concerned; and we now hear of another attempt, to pass contraband goods, by a Mahomedan Moulvee, a native of Bengal, who had some cases of merchandize consigned to him per steamer *Maulmain* from Calcutta. Amongst these cases was one stated in the Bill of Lading to contain sundries. Lately strict instructions have been given to the officers of the Preventive service not to allow any natives to remove any box or bale from the godown on the Main Wharf without first examining its contents. The party above referred to, desired to remove the case of sundries without opening it; this roused the suspicions of Mr. Theodore, a preventive officer, who caused the case to be opened and discovered in it flints and gunpowder, which being contraband articles were therefore at once seized and made over to the Police. The Moulvee was despatched to the jail, but we understand, having given ample security was released by order of the Magistrate, and is to stand his trial. We have no doubt but that Captain Browne with his usual firmness, will make an example of him as a warning to others, who are prone to smuggle or import contraband articles. There is reason to believe, that occasionally cases of the above nature escape detection, and therefore the preventive officers cannot be too watchful in the performance of their duties, especially when natives are the importers. —*Rangoon Gazette, Dec.* 13.

CEYLON.

(*From the Colombo Overland Observer, Dec.* 17.)

COLOMBO, 17*th December*, 1861.

The fortnight has been altogether favourable for the preparation and shipment of Coffee, and we have to report a very considerable addition to our Exports. Six ships have sailed for London, taking as part of their cargo, 26,695 cwts. Plantation Coffee, and 10,396 Native. This brings up our Exports of Coffee to 102,594, against 92,975 to the same period of last season, an excess of nearly 10,000 cwts. The excess is entirely on Plantation, for almost the same figures, say 24,000 cwts. represent the Exports of Native for the two seasons. The Exports of Cinnamon show well, but in Cocoanut Oil the great deficiency continues. The distribution of our Coffee Crop to date is thus shown :—

DISTRIBUTION OF COFFEE CROP EXPECTED FROM CEYLON, FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1861 to 13TH DECEMBER 1861.

	Plantation.	*Native.*	*Total.*
London.....	77,577	20,459	98,036
Sydney	1,261	500	1,761
Melbourne.....	597	1,350	1,947
Mauritius	,,	850	850
Total.....	79,435	23,159	102,594

Numerous notices of the prospects of the present crop and that of next year, will be found in our columns; and we continue the very valuable contributions on Cocoanut cultivation.

All looks well for a great crop next year, but serious apprehensions are entertained that there may be difficulty in gathering it. The policy of the Indian Government in regard to land is calculated most seriously to influence our supply of Lobour,—and it is evident that if our crops are to be gathered, larger inducements in the shape of wages must be resorted to, or lengthened engagements with the concessions of cottages, garden grounds, &c. The discussion of the labour Ordinance comes on in Council tomorrow, and we trust our Legislators may be led to act with wisdom in the matter, for it is plain that on a sufficient supply of labour depends the future of Ceylon. That future is the subject of anxiety to many who feel the pressure of embarrassment in the present; and, as always happens in a crisis of this kind, the Government is becoming unpopular. Sir Charles MacCarthy and the members of the Executive Council may be the best-intentioned men in the world, but if from want of labour, the benefits of the anticipated large crop are lost to the planting community, as a correspondent has predicted, then a storm will burst over their heads. The consolation for the present is that what Coffee we can send to the London Market commands good prices; Debt of £300,000 got rid of two thirds of the Railway Fund. If the government, after having cut off and dismissed the assistant surgeons as above suggested, nothing decided to repay of the Railway itself we have should shrink from the large money payment which fast leaving the Island, and the Company's Staff are would be necessary in order to get rid of the senior the limited sum are not very sanguine. At the last officers in the same manner, the best and simplest way Meeting of the Legislative Council several interesting would be to grant to each of those officers who has paid Reports of Sub-Committees, including that on the Sup- his full annuity; and to all the officers down the list, ply Bill for 1862, were brought up and read. Their lesser annuities in the same proportion, contents will be found in our columns. We commend which would give the lowest, we think, about £150 a to the special attention of our readers the clear year. This is the least expensive way in which the history of the Military Allowances question, a question government can, by its own action, terminate the exis- on which it is believed, a battle will take place compared tence of the Bengal Medical Retiring Fund; but if any to which, the Battle of the Tolls will sink into in- person should be desirous of offering any other sugges- significance. The latter is likely to be brought to a tions, or pointing out what he may think a mode of ac- conclusion at to-morrow's sitting. As regards the tion more in accordance with the interests of both par- Military Expenditure it must be understood that ties, the government and the Medical Service, we have no one grudges fair and liberal allowances given the money statistics of the difficulty, and the ques- to those who are ready to die in defence tion is open to further discussion.—*Id.*

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The Bishop of Calcutta touched at Chittagong, Akyab, and Khyook Phyoo on his way to Rangoon.—A sad accident by which a Mr. Rice has lost his life has occurred. Two vessels having been seen in distress, the deceased, in company with a Mr. Crisp and a couple of lascars, pushed off in a boat, which after going some distance suddenly capsized, when Mr. Rice, finding himself unable any longer to hold on, let go and sank. Smuggling flourishes in Rangoon. Volunteering does *not* flourish in Rangoon, only ten men, including officers, having presented themselves on Parade. Though there has been a scantiness of rain towards the Frontier, yet no fears are felt for the rice crop in the Prome District. The King of Burmah is irate with the officer commanding his steamer, because that officer thought it necessary to handcuff a couple of menials connected with the Royal Household. On an exp

…should be temperate in all … attempt would be made at the … to take a pledge from any one for … Mr. Tweedie said the deputation would … that the speakers on the occasion should be … men, and not likely to give offence to others … advocating their views. In order, however, to induce … young men to avoid the temptations of London life the … society would take them a step further than ordinary … temperance, as far even as taking the pledge, if in individual cases there should be a desire to adopt it. During the last summer returns had been received from … provincial cities and towns, showing there were … about 10,000 members of the League there, all of whom … paid a small weekly sum to maintain the organization. … Nothing would encourage people like them more than … the chief citizen of London lending his high sanction … to the proposed meeting. The Lord Mayor said a desperate disease called for a desperate remedy. Here … and there, no doubt, the sin of intoxication existed to … such a degree as to require a violent remedy; but he … thought taking the pledge was not absolutely necessary. … If it were only intended by the proposed meeting to … advance the cause of temperance, he should gladly go … with the general feeling. Mr. C. J. Leaf remarked that … temperance in the language of the League meant total … abstinence. The Lord Mayor said then, in that case, … he could not be a party to it. Sir R. Carden said he … strenuously endeavoured to induce people to be temperate, but he was certainly not in favour of total … abstinence. Mr. Leaf said every speaker that would … address the meeting would advocate total abstinence. … The Lord Mayor replied he was bound in candour to … state that he could not go that length. Mr. Arthorpe … said the Lord Mayor, as a magistrate, must know that … there were men and women so habitually addicted to … intoxication that nothing on earth would save them but … total abstinence. Mr. Tweedie said they should not … think of convening the meeting unless they were to be … allowed to bring forward the distinctive principles of … their society. The Lord Mayor asked how they would … like him to say, if he was called to the chair, he did … not hold with absolute and entire abstinence, and that … he did not think it right to advise people generally to … take the pledge. He thought the deputation and he … might compromise the matter by it being understood … that they were not to be fettered in saying anything … they liked, while he was not to be under any engage… ment either to be silent or to advocate total abstinence. … The deputation, smiling, intimated that they should be … happy to fall in with that suggestion. The Lord Mayor … said he should be happy to join in promoting so good a … cause, believing that nothing was more likely to tend … to the regeneration of society than abstinence, moderation, and temperance. A day was then fixed for the … meeting, and the deputation withdrew.

LAW OF DIVORCE.—It is not generally known that on the passing of the English Divorce Bill Lord Stanley, who was then Secretary for the Colonies, sent a circular to them bringing the altered state of the English law to there notice, and suggesting that they might, if they chose, pass similar laws. This has been done in several colonies, and those laws have been allowed. In colonies in which there is no legislature the jurisdiction could be conferred upon the Supreme Court in order in Council, but that could not be done in all cases. In giving evidence before a committee of the House of Lords last Session on the Divorce, the Queen's Advocate remarked, "I have the honour of knowing a Colonial Chief Justice who never had any legal education except what he acquired as a medical man, and afterwards as a military man, and I would not intrust the Honour with the execution of such a power." This committee left its labours unfinished in consequence of the death of Lord Campbell. In the course of its proceedings the question of the extension of the divorce jurisdiction to Ireland was raised. The idea of the indissolubility of marriage, which is always agreeable to a certain order of mind, has to some extent penetrated even the Protestant population of Ireland, and it is doubted if Ireland would like to see questions of marriage disposed of by a single judge, a system, indeed, which has taken the people of England by surprise. The Queen's Advocate suggests that a Divorce Court might be established in the first instance for cases in which both parties are Protestants, and that an effort might be made to come to an understanding with the Roman Catholics, because an attempt to force a Divorce Court upon them would ludicrously fail. The law of judicial divorce is in its infancy, and the jurisdiction of the English court is not settled. The Queen's Advocate regards it as extending to all persons resident in England whether they be English-born or not; the Bishop in his court used to deal with all the souls in his diocese. Dr.R. Phillimore seems to incline to a jurisdiction over all persons owing allegiance to the Crown, from wheresoever they come, and served with process in England, for it is a court for England alone. But neither of these learned persons is prepared to propose an exact legislative definition of the extent of the jurisdiction; Dr. Phillimore, after a long conversation with the Judge Ordinary, deemed it impossible, and the Queen's Advocate holds that Sir C. Cresswell "can steer the ship without an Act of Parliament" The conflict of laws upon the subject of marriage and divorce is not very creditable to the 19th century. A remarkable case was decided last year. A young Frenchwoman came over here with a French gentleman for the purpose certainly of evading the law of their own country, and being married without consent of parents, which in France is required up to 25. After the marriage they returned immediately to France; but the young lady, suspecting that a trick was being played upon her, refused to allow the marriage to be acted upon as valid until it had been so pronounced in France. The French Court, however, set aside the marriage. Being thus a spinster in France and finding the English marriage insufficient, she instituted a suit in England for having the decree of the French Court for nullity of the marriage confirmed; but the English Court refused this, and pronounced her a wife. Truly a most unsatisfactory condition this for mademoiselle.—*Times, Oct.* 22.

THE NEW ARTILLERY AMALGAMATION.

(From the Army and Navy Gazette, Nov. 23.)

The following General Orders have been issued.—In accordance with the instructions of Her Majesty's Government, the Bengal, Madras, and Bombay Regiments of Artillery will be formed into the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th Royal Horse Brigades, and the 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, and 25th Brigades of Royal Artillery.

The batteries of new Royal Artillery Brigades will be composed of the soldiers of the existing troops and companies of the Bengal, Madras, and Bombay Regiments of Artillery, who have volunteered for the Royal Artillery.

The artillerymen who have elected for local service will be formed into separate Indian (European) batteries.

The 2nd Royal Horse Brigade will be formed of seven troops of Bengal Horse Artillery, the 3rd Brigade of the four troops of Madras Horse Artillery, the 4th Brigade of the four troops of Bombay Horse Artillery, and the fifth Brigade of six troops of Bengal Horse Artillery.

The brigades of Royal Artillery will be formed—

16th of	5 companies of	Bengal Artillery.	
17th ..	6 ..	Madras ..	
18th ..	6 ..	Bombay ..	
19th ..	5 ..	Bengal ..	
20th ..	5 ..	Madras ..	
21st ..	6 ..	Bombay ..	
22nd ..	5 ..	Bombay ..	
23rd ..	5 ..	Madras ..	
24th ..	5 ..	Bengal ..	
25th ..	4 ..	Bengal ..	

Additional field and garrison batteries will be formed as soon as artillerymen are available, and will be attached to the several brigades in such proportions as may hereafter be determined.

The new brigades will be constituted as follows:—

2ND ROYAL HORSE BRIGADE.

1st troop, 1st Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery, will become	...	A battery.
2nd ditto	...	B ..
3rd ditto	...	C ..
4th ditto	...	D ..
1st troop, 3rd Brigade	...	E ..
2nd ditto	...	F ..
	...	G ..

3RD ROYAL HORSE BRIGADE.

A troop, Madras Horse Artillery, will become	...	A battery.
B ditto	...	B ..
C ditto	...	C ..
D ditto	...	D ..

4TH ROYAL HORSE BRIGADE.

1st troop, Bombay Horse Artillery, will become	...	A battery.
2nd ditto	...	B ..
3rd ditto	...	C ..
4th ditto	...	D ..

5TH ROYAL HORSE BRIGADE.

1st troop, 2nd Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery, will become	...	A battery.
2nd ditto	...	B ..
3rd ditto	...	C ..
4th ditto	...	D ..
3rd troop, 3rd Brigade	...	E ..
4th ditto	...	F ..

16TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 1st battalion, Bengal Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..
1st company, 6th battalion	...	.. 5 ..

17TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

A company, 1st battalion, Madras Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
B ditto	...	.. 2 ..
C ditto	...	.. 3 ..
D ditto	...	.. 4 ..
A company, 4th battalion	...	.. 5 ..
B ditto	...	.. 6 ..

18TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 1st battalion, Bombay Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..
1st company, 3rd battalion	...	.. 5 ..
2nd company	...	.. 6 ..

19TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 2nd battalion, Bengal Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..
2nd company, 6th Brigade	...	.. 5 ..

20TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

A company, 2nd battalion, Madras Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
B ditto	...	.. 2 ..
C ditto	...	.. 3 ..
D ditto	...	.. 4 ..
E company, 4th battalion	...	.. 5 ..

21ST BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 2nd battalion, Bombay Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..
3rd company, 3rd battalion	...	.. 5 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 6 ..

22ND BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 3rd battalion, Bengal Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..
3rd company, 6th battalion	...	.. 5 ..

23RD BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

A company, 3rd battalion, Madras Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
B ditto	...	.. 2 ..
C ditto	...	.. 3 ..
D ditto	...	.. 4 ..
D company, 4th battalion	...	.. 5 ..

24TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 4th battalion, Bengal Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..
4th company, 6th battalion	...	.. 5 ..

25TH BRIGADE, ROYAL ARTILLERY.

1st company, 5th battalion, Bengal Artillery, will become	...	No. 1 battery.
2nd ditto	...	.. 2 ..
3rd ditto	...	.. 3 ..
4th ditto	...	.. 4 ..

All batteries will remain at their present stations, and that artillerymen who have elected for Indian service will continue to do duty with their former troops and companies until the weather permits of their being collected and formed into separate batteries.

The commissioned staff who may have become supernumerary by the absorption of the 3rd Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery 6th battalion, Bengal Foot Artillery; 4th battalion, Madras Foot, Artillery; and 3rd battalion, Bombay Foot Artillery, will be disposed of by the commandants of the Bengal, Madras, and Bombay regiments.

Consequent upon the foregoing formation of the brigades and battalions of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay Artillery into brigades and batteries of Royal Artillery, all reports and returns required by Her Majesty's Regulations will be forwarded by these brigades and batteries through the commandants of Artillery at each presidency to the Adjutant-General's Department British Forces.

THE NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LEAGUE.

(From the Times, Nov. 29.)

Yesterday, at 11 o'clock, a deputation from this society had, at their request, an interview with the Lord Mayor at the Mansion-house. There were present Alderman Sir Robert Carden; Mr. Scott, the Chamberlain of London; Mr. C. F. Leaf, of Old Change; Mr. Tweedie, Mr. Leighton, Mr. Rae, Mr. Arpthorpe, Mr G. Frodsham, and others. Sir Robert Caarden, in introducing the subject, said he most cordially approved the general cause of temperance, though he did not go quite so far as some of the gentlemen present. He believed, however, the League of which they were members was guided by the purest motives, and that the Lord Mayor in his official experience saw daily more of the evil effects of intemperance than perhaps any one else in the whole city of London. Mr. Scott, the Chamberlain, then presented to the Lord Mayor a memorial, signed by 98 of the principle mercantile firms in the city, some of the aldermen, and other members of the corporation, requesting the use of the Egyptian Hall for a public meeting for the purpose of promoting temperance among young men engaged in industrial pursuits. Among the memorialists were Mr. Samuel Gurney, M.P., Mr. Gilpin, M.P., Mr. Samuel Morley, Messrs. Hitchcock, Mr. Charles J. Leaf, Messrs. Bradbury, Greatorex and Co., with many more of equal repute, and they were said to employ among them many thousand young men—one or two firms nearly as many as 200 each. The object, Mr. Scott added, was to foster among this class of the community at least an abstinence from excess in the use of intoxicating drinks, if not total abstinence. The Lord Mayor said undoubtedly the promotion of temperance was a most

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Embroidered Muslin Collar and Collar and Sleeves.
White and Black Net Collars and Sleeves.
White and Black Crêpe Collars and Sleeves.
Plain White Hemmed Muslin Collars and Sleeves.

FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c.

Garnitures for Ball Dresses.
Wreaths of Colored Flowers, with Steel and Gold.
Bridal Wreaths in great variety.
Wreaths for Mourning in Black, White, and Steel.
Flowers of every description.
Invisible Hair Nets, Black and Brown.
Hair Ornaments in Chinelle Braid, Floss, Beads, &c.
Rich Quilted Trimmings in all Colors.
Fancy Chinelle Rosettes and Graduated Buttons for Dresses.

LADIES' DRESS PRESERVES.

Ladies Belt Clasps, in Aluminium, Gold and Jet.

HEAD DRESSES, &c.

Head Dresses, in Steel, Gold, Coral, Velvet, &c.
Gold Flowers, Ornaments and Cords.
Gold Pins and Gold Combs, for the Hair.
Fancy Gold, and Aluminium Back Combs.
Pearl, and Gold Coronets.
Real Valencennes, and Maltese Lace Pocket Handkerchiefs.
Imitation Lace Pocket Handkerchiefs.
Infants Caps, and Hoods, very rich.
Rich Fancy Fans, Spangled in Gold Steel and Silver.
Ladies French Stays.

STEEL HOOPS AND PETTICOATS, OF EVERY DESCRPTION.

Fancy Feathers, Rosettes, Birds, &c.
Rich Ostrich and Fancy Feathers with Velvet to match, in all Colors for Dress, &c.
Rich Velvet Fancy and Plain Ribbon.
Black White and Colored Spotted Falls.
Black and White real Maltese Lace Lappets.
Embroidered French Cambric Pocket Handkerchiefs.
Ladies White Kid Gloves.
Aluminium, Gilt and Pearl *Arrows* for Head Dresses.

FOR WEDDINGS.

White Glacè and Figured Silk Dresses.
White Lace, Embroidered and plain Tulle Dresses.
White Embroidered Tarlaton Dresses.
Bonnets, Mantles, Lace Pocket Handkerchiefs.
Squares, Tulle, and Lace Bridal Veils.
Bridal Wreaths and Bouquets.
White Kid Gloves, Fans, &c. &c. &c.

FOR MOURNING.

Black Mohair and Paramata Dresses.
Black Barège and Muslin Dresses.
Rich Black Glacè Silks.
Half Mourning Silks and Muslins.
Black Burnouses.
Bonnets.
Flowers in Crêpe, steel and Jet.
Crêpe Collars and Sleeves.
Black Silk Stockings.
Black Kid Gloves.
Jet Broaches, Bracelets, and Jet Clasps for Waits Bands.

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FOUR TUNE BOXES.

No. 1 plays
God save the Queen.
La Cracovienne.
St. Patrick's Day.
When the morning.

No. 2 plays
My Maryann Polka.
Far far upon the sea.
Nelly Bly.
Still so gently from La Sonnambula.

No. 3 plays
Martha, Chœur de Chasse.
La Traviata—Di Proorra il mar.
Krumi-Conquira (Verdi).
La Dame Blanche.
Vieux gentille Dame.

No. 4 plays
Souvenir de Cork.
Orphee aux Enfers.
Cavatina de la Gazza.
Le Pre aux Cleres.

No. 5 plays
I have thought of thee.
Oh Nanny will thou gang with me.
Sandy and Jenny.
My own my lovely bride.

No. 6 plays
Farewell ye Mountains.
Glorious Apollo.
The Rose of Kildare.
The Bonny Fish Wife.

No. 7 plays
My love she's but a Lassie yet.
Bonny Dundee.
British Grenadiers.
Partant pour la Syrie.

No. 8 plays
With all thy faults I love the still.
The Dutchess of Kent.
The Dream is past.
Cared I for your heart.

SIX TUNE BOXES.

No. 1 plays
Hearts of Oak.
Roy's wife of Aldavaloch.
When the Rosy Moon appearing.
Banks of Banna.
O'er the Waters Row.
The Bonny Fish Wife.

No. 2 plays
Fair Ellen, Brahath.
Draw the Sword, Scotland.
Flora McDonald, Laurent.
Favorite Scoth Air.
My love, she's but a &c.
Rule Brittannia.

No. 3 plays
Home sweet Home.
The light up Mana.
Canadian Boat Song.
Poor Mariners.
The Rose of Lucerne.
Merrily danced the Quaker's wife.

No. 4 plays
Nicholson's Rondo.
Waltz on the Swiss Girl.
When the Rosebud of Summer.
Coal Black Rose.
Pop goes the Weasel.
Oh how those Bells remind me.

No. 5 plays
The Lass of Gowrie.
The Harp that once through Tara's Halls.
God save the Queen.
Kitty of Coleraine.
I've journeyed over many lands.
Oh 'tis the melody.

No. 6 plays
My old dog Tray.
The low back'd Car.
Lillie Dale.
Pop goes the Weasel.
The pretty Ratcatcher's daughter.
The Reel Row.

No. 7 plays
The time I've lost in wooing.
I'll gang no more to yon town.
The Royal Oaks of England.
The Sailor's Journal.
Oh Logan di Buchan.
The Reel Row.

No. 8 plays
God save the Queen.
Bay a Broom.
Waltz Lucrezia Borgia.
Love Ritornella.
Still so gently o'er me stealing
Bay of Biscay.

EIGHT TUNE BOXES.

No. 1 plays
Love not a Ballad.
The Isle of Beauty.
Olga Waltzer.
Auld Lang Syne.
Oh Susannah.
Willie we have missed you.
Prince de Guilliame Tell.
The last Rose of Summer.

No. 2 plays
Miss Cree's Hornpipe.
Bay a Broom.
God save the Queen.
The Old English Lady.
When pensive I thought.
Pray Goody.
My Heart and Lute.
Isabel.

No. 3 plays
Nobody coming to Marry me.
The Horn of Chase.
Quick Step.
Royal English Summer Night.
The Loss of Richmond Hill.
My heart is still with thee.
My love she's but &c.
By the gaily circling Glass.

No. 4 plays
Evening Star Polka.
Hoffaing's Waltz.
Farewell ye Mountains.
Draw the Sword.
Fly not yet.
My love is like, &c.
Robin Adair.
Partant pour la Syrie.

No. 5 plays
The Laurel.

I was in the merry month of May.
Say, can a father's heart.
Culver Lodge favorite dance.
Apsley House do.
Come sing to me, &c.
The better land.
The high born child.

No. 6 plays
English Hornpipe.
Merrily dance, &c.
Favorite Quadrille.
Jenny Jones.
When the rosy Moon.
British Grenadier's March.
Ango Caledonian Air.
The Blue Bells of Scotland.

No. 7 plays
St. Patrick's Day.
Rob Roy.
I'll gang no Mair, &c.
Rule Brittannia.
God save the Queen.
The Royal Oaks of England
Good night and joy be, &c.
The time I've lost, &c.

No. 8 plays
Luisa Miller—Deh la parola.
Lucia di Lammermoor vers toi toujours.
Robert le Diable Alice.
Ayeb plus de confiance.
I Pautani, Nel Mirate.
La Traviata Panjeo Cara.
Guillime Tell Acours dance nia vacelle.
Le chants de la Serene.

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